Number Haz ID 1	Cautionary Notes Cautionary Notes Description As we were unable to trace this URF detection to a source we cannot confirm what it is so dig with caution in this area.
Haz ID 1 Haz ID 2 Haz ID 3	As we were unable to trace this URF detection to a source we cannot confirm what it is so dig with caution in this area. Records indicate a water main in this location as we were unable to locate these with EML or GPR they are shown as QLD, dig with caution in this area. Records indicate an Abandonded water main in this location as we were unable to locate these with EML or GPR they are shown as QLD, dig with caution in this area.

Records indicate a Gas main in this location as we were unable to locate these with EML or GPR they are shown as QLD, dig with caution in this area. Haz ID 6

Haz ID 5

Records indicate Electric cables in this approximate location. We were uanble to locate these with EML or GPR. Dig with caution in this area.



Egific Station New Easter Nedwei Neget Inne 201628 1400 Neget 1400 Inne 201628 1400 1400 1400 Inne 201628 1400 1400 1400 1400 Inne 201628 1400 + 8.62 + 7.80 + 8.01 + 8.79 : 8.64m Traffic Control CL: 8.75m L CL: 8.90m ✓ + 8.89 • T ℃L: 8,82m 8.83 CL: 8.82n STN03 E=311240.555 N=167409.102 H=8.927 + 7.32 + 8.93 + 9.07 +8.97 Traffic Contr

No New records were cross referenced with this drawing

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS				
Utility Type	Provider Details	Date Acquired		
Gas	Indigo Pipelines, Wales and West	16/06/2020		
Water + Sewers	Welsh water	16/06/2020		
Electric	SSE, Western Power	16/06/2020		
BT	Openreach	16/06/2020		
Telecoms				





B Development Plans





C Flood Modelling Technical Note

NOTE TO FILE

JBA Project Code Contract Client Day, Date and Time Author Reviewer / Sign-off Subject 2023s1371 Ffordd y Mileniwm - Modelling & FCA WEPCo Ltd 23 October 2023 Samuel Rowley BSc Paul Redbourne BSc PGCert, MCIWEM, C.WEM Flood Modelling Technical Note



1 Introduction

1.1 Project Requirements

JBA Consulting have been commissioned by Welsh Education Partnership Company Limited (WEPCo Ltd) to produce a Flood Consequences Assessment (FCA) for a new college development at Ffordd y Mileniwm, Barry. The project has involved a detailed flood modelling exercise to provide an improved understanding of tidal flood risk.

The Natural Resources Wales (NRW) product 7 Cadoxton Tidal Inundation model has been licensed for this study. JBA Consulting completed comprehensive updates of this model in 2017 and 2020 and it was submitted to NRW to inform a Flood Map Challenge of the area which was accepted.

This technical note has been produced to summarise the flood modelling work completed, outlining the updates applied to the existing model, and any assumptions and limitations associated with the model outputs. This technical note does not include analysis of the model results as this has been included within the FCA report.

The site is located at the Barry Docks in Barry shown in Figure 1-1.



Figure 1-1 Site location







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NOTE TO FILE

JBA Project Code2023s1371ContractFfordd y Mileniwm - Modelling & FCAClientWEPCo LtdDay, Date and Time23 October 2023AuthorSamuel Rowley BScReviewer / Sign-offPaul Redbourne BSc PGCert, MCIWEM, C.WEMSubjectFlood Modelling Technical Note



2 Model Approach

Following the submission of the Flood Map Challenge, NRW undertook a series of updates to the model prior to the publication of the flood mapping products. These updates included the addition of the latest available LIDAR data, amendments to the 2D domain to prevent glass walling, updates to the tidal boundary to align with the amended 2D domain and the inclusion of sweetener flows to the 1D watercourses.

A review of this model confirmed that it is suitable for the assessment of tidal flood risk on the site specific-scale for the Ffordd y Mileniwm site. However, the model review identified a series of updates to make use of best available data and align with current best practice. This section of the report summarises the updates applied to the NRW model to produce a new baseline model scenario.

2.1 General Schematisation

The new flood model utilised the latest TUFLOW executable release of 2023-03-AB. This is considered an improvement on the previous modelling that had adopted the TUFLOW executable 2020-10-AD. The 2023-03-AB release includes a bug issue that incorrectly maps in channel results due to a water level line problem. This is not considered a concern for this study as the model has been used to focus on tidal flood risk rather than a fluvial assessment.

2.2 Tidal Boundary Conditions

The updates NRW applied to the model prior to the publication of the new flood mapping products included amendments to the tidal boundary conditions. This focused on present day and 100-years of climate change. For the assessment of the proposed college site, a design life of 75-years is appropriate and therefore a new set of tidal boundary conditions needed generating for the 2098 epoch.

In line with Welsh Government guidance, the UKCP18 User Interface¹ has been used to generate sea level rise estimates to account for 75-years of climate change using the RCP8.5, 70th percentile dataset. Analysis of the existing NRW model shows that a base year of 2017 has been used and therefore an increase of 0.75m has been applied to uplift the boundary conditions from a present-day scenario to the 2098 epoch.

The existing model results show that the college site is flood free in the 2121 0.5% AEP event and therefore, the new flood modelling has focused solely on the 2098 0.1% AEP event. The maximum extreme water level for this event is shown in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1: Tidal boundary extreme sea levels (mAOD)

	T1000
2098	8.59

1 UK Climate Projections User Interface. https://ukclimateprojections-ui.metoffice.gov.uk/ui/home







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3 Model Runs

3.1 Baseline model scenario

Run reference	Baseline - CADX_TIDAL_DEF_~e1~_061
Purpose of runs:	To model 0.1% AEP event plus climate change for 2098 epoch (75-year design life as non-residential site)
TUFLOW file names:	CADX_TIDAL_DEF_~e1~_061.tcf
	CADX_TIDAL_DEF_~e1~_061.ecf
	CADX_TIDAL_5m_050.tgc
	CADX_TIDAL_047.tbc
Run time:	Simulation time: 45 hours
AEP events:	0.1% AEP plus climate change (2098)
Boundary conditions:	<pre>bc_dbase_CADX_TIDAL_061.csv</pre>
Run settings:	TUFLOW version: 2023-03-AB-iSP-w64

4 Model performance, assumptions, and limitations

The ME% for the 0.1% AEP event for the baseline scenario is inside the typically recommended +/-1% range, which indicates that the model can be considered stable.

The model experiences 283 1D and 16 2D negative depths. The 1D negative depths occur around model node EAST_0150 and CADX_0082U; these are from the pre-existing model. These 1D negative depths occur significant distances away from the site, happen for relatively short periods, and do not align with the timing of the maximum water level and are therefore not considered to have any impact on the predicted maximum water levels around the site in this design event.

The 2D negative depths are also from the pre-existing model. These occur approximately between 15-15.25 hours, at a location at the edge of the dock where there is sharp change in elevation between ground levels and water levels within the dock basin close to the tidal boundary condition. The negative depths occur as 2D water levels are rising within the dock and reach a similar level to those applied from the downstream boundary and cause some localised anomalies in water depths. Peak water levels within this part of the model, and around the development site, in the 0.1% AEP event occur later at around 16 hours after water levels within the dock have equalised. Peak Mass Balance error across the whole simulation is within acceptable limits indicating that any impact on water volumes that result from this localised instability are very minor. It is therefore considered that this short period of 2D instability does not have any significant impact on predicted maximum water levels around the development site for the modelled event.





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