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Land off Sandy Lane, Ystradowen, Cowbridge

SAB COMPLIANCE STRATEGY

prepared for

Lewis Homes

Date: May 2023

19351-R-601-SAB COMPLIANCE STRATEGY



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SAB COMPLIANCE STRATEGY

19351

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| В | September 2023 | Planning | |
| C | March 2024 | Planning | |
| D | June 2024 | Planning | |
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References

- 1 CIRIA The SuDS Manual (C753)
- 2 UK SUDS (www.uksuds.com)
- 3 Welsh Water Asset Plans
- 5 Google Maps
- 6 Ordnance Survey Mapping
- 7 BRE Digest 365 Soakaway Design
- 8 National Soil Resources Institute (SoilScapes)
- 10 NRW Online Flood Risk Map
- 12 Francis Sant Reports (D/WWG/D/1444)
- 13 Welsh Water Hydraulic report (DCWW 141 SW135A)

Abbreviations

| DCWW A.O.D. | DWR Cymru Welsh Water Above Ordnance Datum |
|----------------|---|
| FW | Foul Water |
| SW | Surface Water |
| SuDS | Sustainable Drainage Systems |
| l/s | Litres Per Second |
| NRW | Natural Resources Wales |
| SAB | Suds Approval Body |

This document has been created during the design stage of the project and should not be used as a replacement for the final operation and maintenance requirements of the proposed works. It shall remain relative only to those features identified on the attached plan. This document is intended to support the development of the official operation and maintenance document which shall be the responsibility of the principle contractor.

This document is for the exclusive use of the client and should not be used in whole or in part by any third parties without the express written permission of QuadConsult Limited.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 QuadConsult Ltd was commissioned to produce a drainage strategy for a proposed development on land located at Ystradowen, Cowbridge.
- 1.2 This report will draw upon information supplied by the Client and that available within the public domain.
- 1.3 The aim of this report is to demonstrate that a suitable site-specific surface drainage strategy can be implemented to service the proposed development.



2.0 SITE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION

- 2.1 The site is located on Sandy Lane in Ystradowen, located in the Vale of Glamorgan. Approximately 3 miles north of Cowbridge nearest post code is CF71 7TZ, site coordinates E:301551, N:177865.
- 2.2 The existing site topography (Appendix 1) falls in a northerly direction. The site is currently open green space and is bounded to the north and east by greenfield areas. Sandy Lane and existing residential development to the south and Badgers Brook close with existing residential development to the west. The A4222 (Cowbridge Road) is located circa 90m to the north and west.
- 2.3 The redline land parcel site boundary is 1.58ha (Application Boundary 1.63ha)

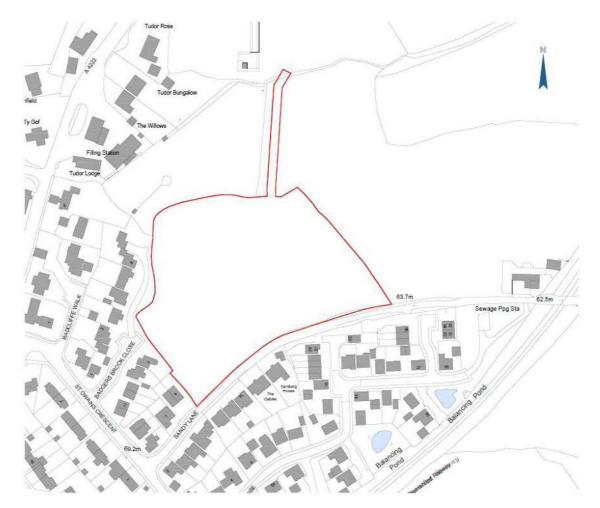


Figure 1 - Site Location Plan and Application Boundary



3.0 EXISTING DRAINAGE

3.1 Land Drainage

Overland flow from the site flows in a northern direct into the adjacent green field (noted as very wet on the topographical survey) before discharging into a drainage ditch circa 85m north of the site boundary. The drainage ditch is likely to feed into the wider Nant Dyfrigi watercourse located 400m to the north.

3.2 Overland Flow & Exceedance Routes

Existing exceedance, overland flow paths would follow the existing topography and initially discharge into the greenfield to the north discharging into a drainage ditch as noted in section 3.1. The land to the north is noted as marsh/wetland and likely ecology rich. The presence of the marshland confirms limited infiltration at shallow depths on the site.

3.3 Surface Water Drainage Network

Welsh Water asset plans indicate no current surface water sewers within or immediately adjacent to the site. A network is indicated to the south of the site serving the existing residential development.

3.4 Foul Water Drainage Network

Welsh Water asset plans indicate no foul water sewer within the site curtilage, an extensive network is noted serving the surrounding existing residential properties.

3.5 Combined / Other Drainage

Welsh Water asset plans indicate no current combined water sewers within or immediately adjacent to the site.



4.0 EXISTING FLOOD RISK

- 4.1 NRW flood map indicates the development parcel is within a Flood Zone A At little or no risk of fluvial or coastal / tidal flooding.
- 4.2 Flood Risk from Rivers

NRW flood mapping (Refer to Appendix 3) indicates little / no risk of flooding from main rivers.

4.3 Flood Risk from Sea

NRW flood mapping (Refer to Appendix 3) indicates little / no risk of flooding from the sea.

4.4 Flood Risk from Surface Water & Small Watercourses

NRW flood mapping (Refer to Appendix 3) indicates little / no risk of flooding from Surface water / small watercourses.

4.5 Flood Risk from Reservoir

NRW flood mapping (Refer to Appendix 3) indicates no risk of flooding from the reservoirs.

4.6 Other Flood Risk (Mines, Piped Network, etc)

NRW flood mapping (Refer to Appendix 3) indicates no recorded flood events. The presence of live Welsh Water assets adjacent to the site could pose a very limited flood risk due to failure of infrastructure. The topography of the site would direct any exceedance flows from Sandy Lane and the existing properties to the south into the site curtilage.



5.0 PROPOSED DRAINAGE STRATEGY

- 5.1 The proposed development consists of proposed residential areas with associated infrastructure including public open spaces and vehicular / pedestrian access arrangements.
- 5.2 Surface Water

The surface water drainage for the proposal will comply with SAB/SuDS protocols, and work within the site layout & constraints of the proposed development.

The proposed surface water discharge from the development will be captured, treated, and limited before discharging. The network will be designed for a 100-year storm event with 40% allowance for climate change. An allowance of 10% increase in development catchment through urban creep will also be catered for. The proposed design will utilise design principles outlined in section 6 and follow current local authority SAB and Welsh government guidance.

Following the Drainage hierarchy set out in section 6.0, onsite Infiltration testing indicates infiltration is not viable onsite as a primary route to dispose of surface water. It is noted that the saturated topsoil layer across the site indicates lateral movement and overland flow of surface water towards the existing drainage ditch to the north. The logged ground water levels 2.1-3.0m bgl confirm the saturated top layer is captured storm water rather than ground water.

As an initial approach following this strategy it is envisaged that the plots would drain through localised bioretention features located within garden / landscape areas, along with permeable surfacing to hard paved areas. This will allow the plot drainage to remain private and under the responsibility of the homeowner for future maintenance. The wider network and associated drainage features will fall under the SAB adoption remit.

General development principles will allow the wider network including highway drainage to flow through bio-retention and/or conveyance features (Swales, Tree pits, Rain gardens, etc) before discharging into local water courses via the attenuation basin feature and flow control devices.

The proposed development will aim to discharge from a detention basin to the north of the land parcel at an agreed limited rate. A greenfield discharge rate of 8.1l/s has been agreed with VoG SAB, a possible reduction in line with catchment area may be required. Additional storage may be required to accommodate any reduction in allowable discharge rates. Possible use of drive subbase with small diameter flow control chamber / devices may offer the required additional storage storage within a cascaded network.

Under the current Welsh Government policy, any surface water infrastructure conveying flows from more than 1 curtilage requires adoption by the local authority SAB.

Open market plots will fall under this arrangement. Council & housing association developments can be treated as a single curtilage where houses are to be kept under their ownership and not offered for open market sales in the future.

Any infrastructure being adopted by the local authority SAB will be subject to commuted sums calculated for the lifetime maintenance and end of life replacement construction costs. Under a single development curtilage, the surface water elements can be kept private. In both instances the adopted / private network must be maintained in accordance with the project maintenance schedule and CIRIA SuDs manual guidance.



5.3 Foul Drainage

Following an initial capacity enquiry, Welsh Water (DCWW) confirmed the local foul network has sufficient capacity for the proposed development. Following onsite investigation works and confirmation from DCWW, a gravity connection into an existing chamber to the north of the site boundary. The developer has agreed access rights to lay drainage to the chamber with the 3rd party landowners. Initial discussions with DCWW have confirmed a reduced easement and welded joint construction through areas of root protection zones for existing trees.

A section 104 application with Welsh Water would be required for any sewers conveying flows from more than 1 dwelling or crossing land boundaries. A Section 106 agreement is required to allow a connection into any of the existing DCWW assets.

5.4 Land Drainage

Although no existing land drainage network is currently evident, additional investigation / confirmation is required.

The existing overland flow paths would follow the existing topography utilising infiltration before excess flows discharge onto the existing marshland /wet greenfield to the north prior to discharge into an existing drainage ditch north of the site.

5.5 Other Drainage

No other drainage is noted within the land boundary.



6.0 COMPLIANCE WITH NATIONAL SUDS STANDARDS

The following sections detail the design principles that will be incorporated in the development proposals for the scheme and the measures incorporated to satisfy the requirements for future SAB approval.

6.1 Standard S1 – Surface Water Destination

Priority Level 1 – Reuse of Rainwater

The use of SuDS planters, Rain gardens & Rain Butts are proposed to intercept roof runoff and act as a point of source control. This will allow a limited re-use of rainwater and to facilitate the planter and associated flora.

Priority Level 2 – Infiltration to Ground

Infiltration tests have been carried out by Integral Geotechnique, Initial results have proved inconclusive, rates between 1.0x10-6 and 1.2x10-5 have been noted and may offer a partial allowance for direct discharge to ground as part of the wider strategy.

Priority Level 3 – Discharge to Water Body

Applicable for this development. / Attenuation with controlled discharge based on agreed rate. Planned discharge to local watercourse upstream of Nant Dyfrgi.

Priority Level 4 – Discharge to Surface Water Sewer, Highway Drain, or other System

Deemed as not required unless infiltration and watercourse connection prove unviable, further investigation required.

Priority Level 5: Discharge to a Combined Sewer – N/A

Deemed not required for this development.

6.2 Standard S2 – Surface Water Runoff Hydraulic Control

It is proposed that the storm water network system will be designed such that it is sufficient to accommodate critical storm duration flows in the 100yr+40% event. Calculations are appended. As noted above there have been no reductions made to the sizing of the network features to reflect reductions afforded by the rain gardens or operation of the SuDS planters. Therefore, allowing for a worst-case scenario. An allowance of a 10% increase in permeable catchment has also been included for future urban creep where applicable.

First 5mm Interception

Interception mechanisms will be required to ensure compliance with the requirement of zero runoff for the first 5mm rainfall for 80% of storm events during the summer and 50% in winter.

The provision of SuDS planter features and rain gardens along with flows through permeable drive subbase will contribute to the objective of first 5mm interception. Deemed to comply with the SAB standards.



Exceedance/Blockage

Any exceedance flows will follow surface topography. The topography is such that any excess flows will be directed in a southern direction towards the existing watercourse and open greenfield areas.

6.3 Standard S3 – Water Quality

The proposed SuDS treatment train devices (SuDS planters, Rain Gardens / Bio-Retention, Permeable paving, and Detention Basin) will deliver the requisite cleansing and filtration of runoff for this residential (low pollution hazard level) development.

6.4 Standard S4 – Amenity

The soft suds features (SuDS planters, Rain Gardens and Detention Basin) will be carefully designed and integrated into the landscaping scheme for the development, to promote aesthetics and well-being as well as any designed drainage function.

6.5 Standard S5 – Biodiversity

The soft suds features (SuDS planters, Rain Gardens and Detention Basin) will be carefully designed with gradients/profiles, planting species and soil properties selected to ensure suitable habitat is delivered to promote biodiversity. Planting information is included within the SUDS planting information. These proposals will augment the green infrastructure element of the design proposals to demonstrate a robust response to this Standard.

6.6 Standard S6 - Construction, Operation and Maintenance and Structural Integrity

Initial infrastructure maintenance will be dealt with at a property level as many of the first phase systems employed are contained within a single property curtilage. Wider SuDS features will be offered for adoption through the SAB application process, extents to be agreed during pre-SAB discussions. All of the proposed SuDS infrastructure will be located with accessible areas for ease of maintenance. The surface water network including any land drainage will be designed to be fully roddable and jettable, with suitably positioned rodding eyes and mini-access chambers.

The SuDS devices are low maintenance surface/shallow items with established regular maintenance regimes.

The proposed design solution will be designed in accordance with the SuDS manual and is generally served by shallow SuDs features and accessible details. There are no inherent safety issues with the proposed scheme.

The on-property drainage infrastructure will be managed by the Tenant. The principal issue is the management of the SuDS planters / Rain Gardens, which primarily involves periodic inspection to check the overflows are clear and ensure the free-flowing operation. These inspections will also serve to monitor the build-up of any silt in the system to facilitate any cleaning required.



7.0 SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 SUMMARY

The proposed development will follow current Welsh Government, local authority, and Welsh Water guidance in relation to drainage strategy. Any element of the proposed foul network conveying flows from more than one dwelling will be offered to DCWW through the Section 104 application process. The surface water network will follow the principles set out by the Ciria SuDs manual (C753) and Local SAB requirements. The surface water will be collected, treated, and discharged to a viable source at an acceptable rate following SAB hierarchy guidance. Where appropriate, surface water elements will be adopted by the local authority through SAB application process.

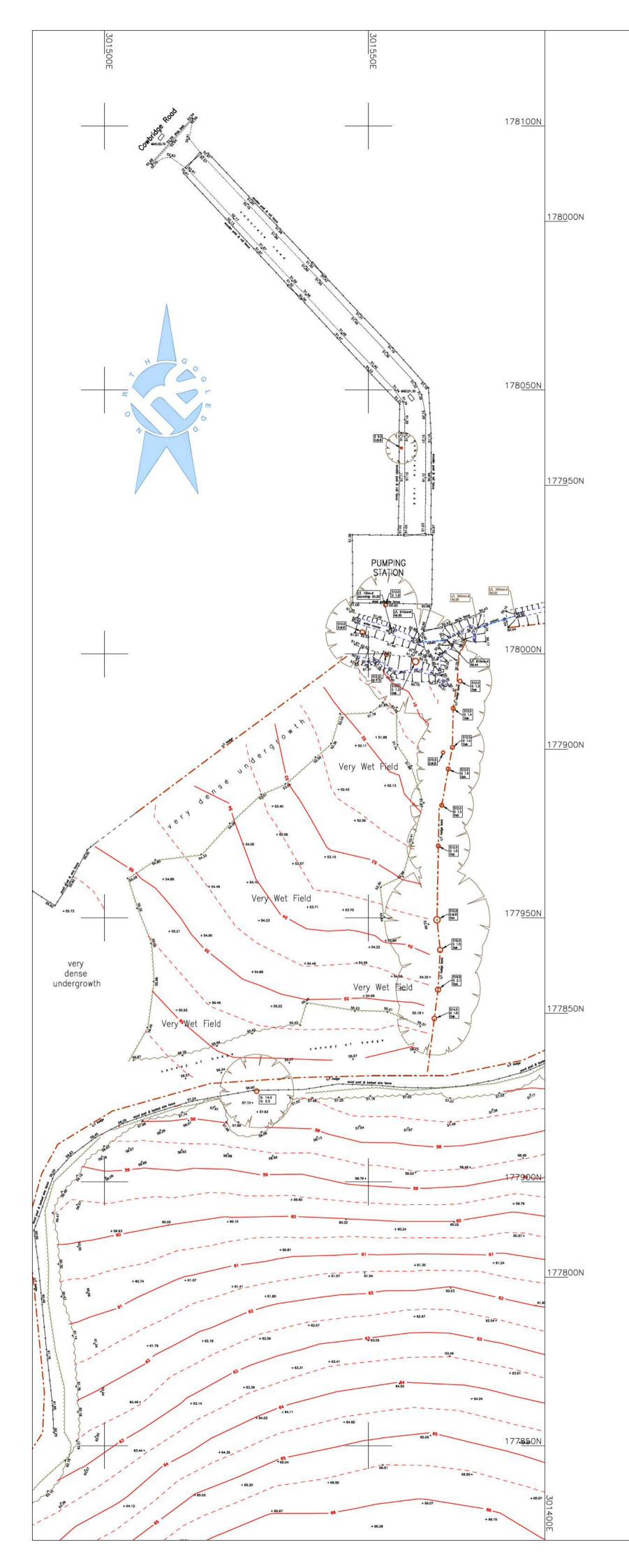
7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The following actions are recommended to allow a robust suitable site-specific surface and foul water drainage strategy can be implemented to service the proposed development.

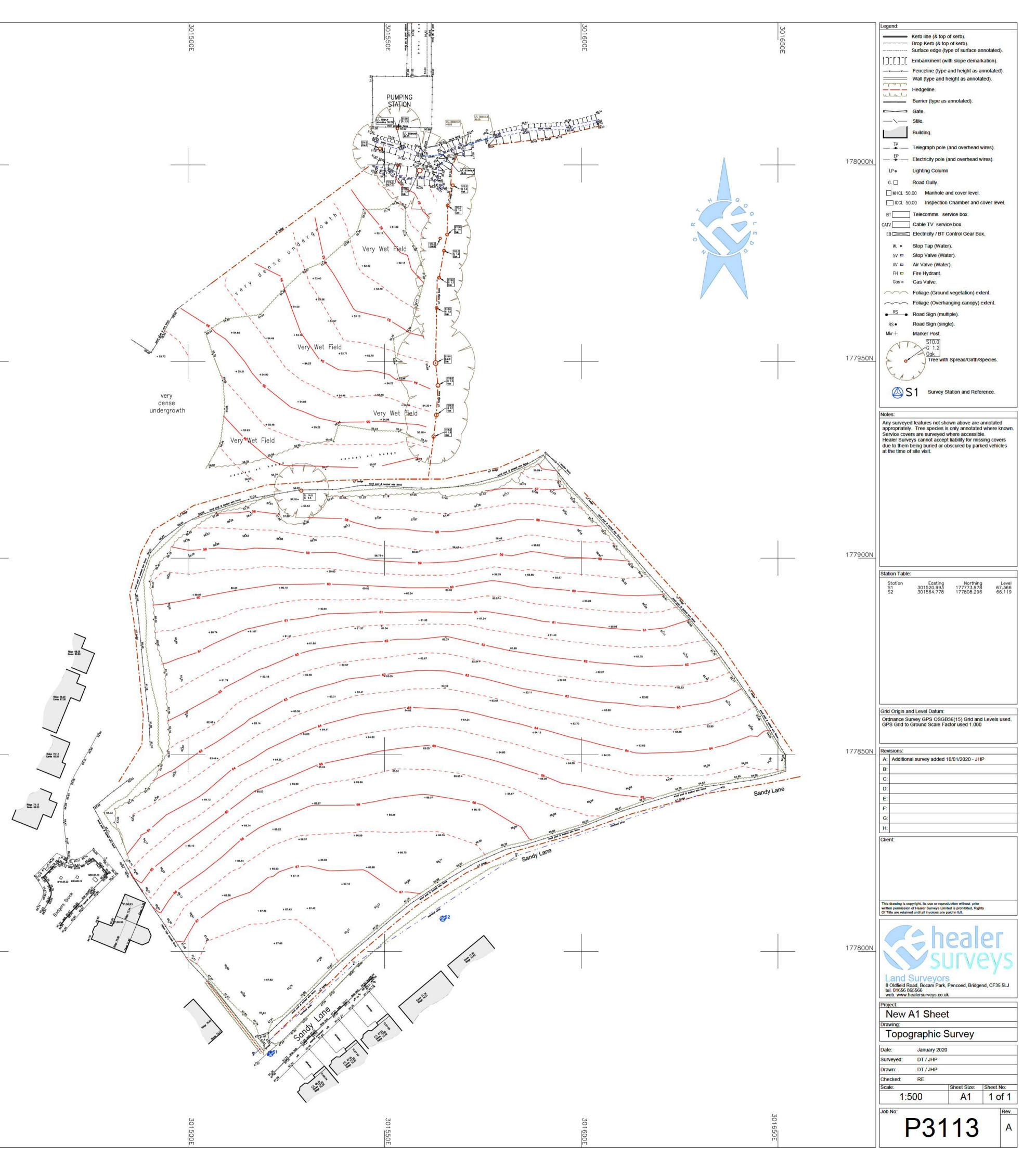
- Further Infiltration testing to BRE365 at proposed suds feature formation levels if SAB require.
- Walkover and possible Dye testing to confirm drainage ditch to the north discharges to Nant Dyfrgi.
- PreSAB application and discussion with Vale of Glamorgan SAB to confirm strategy and acceptable discharge rates.
- S104 & S106 to be submitted to DC/WW



APPENDIX 1 – EXISTING SITE SURVEY



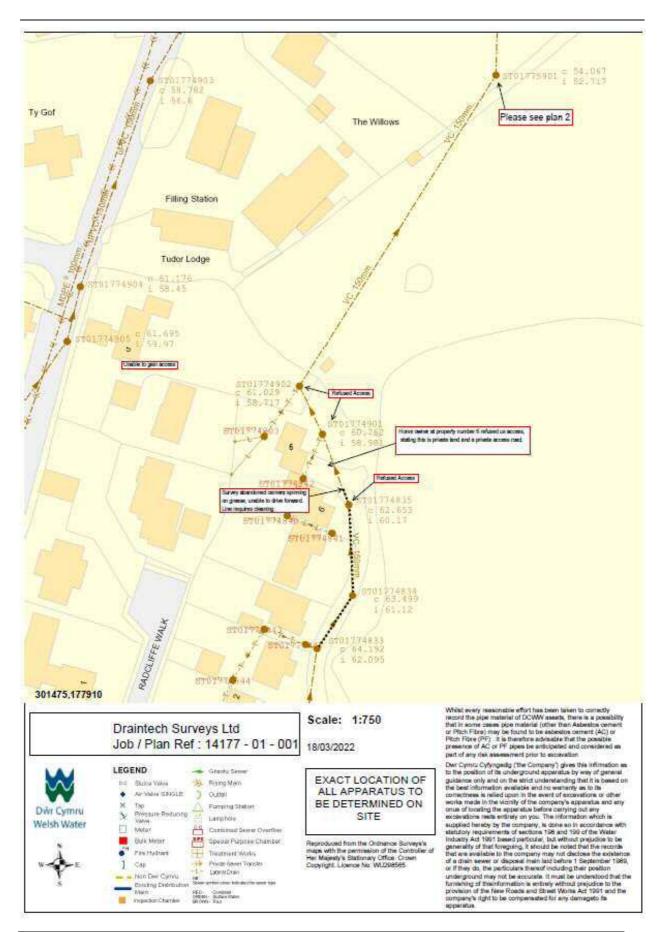
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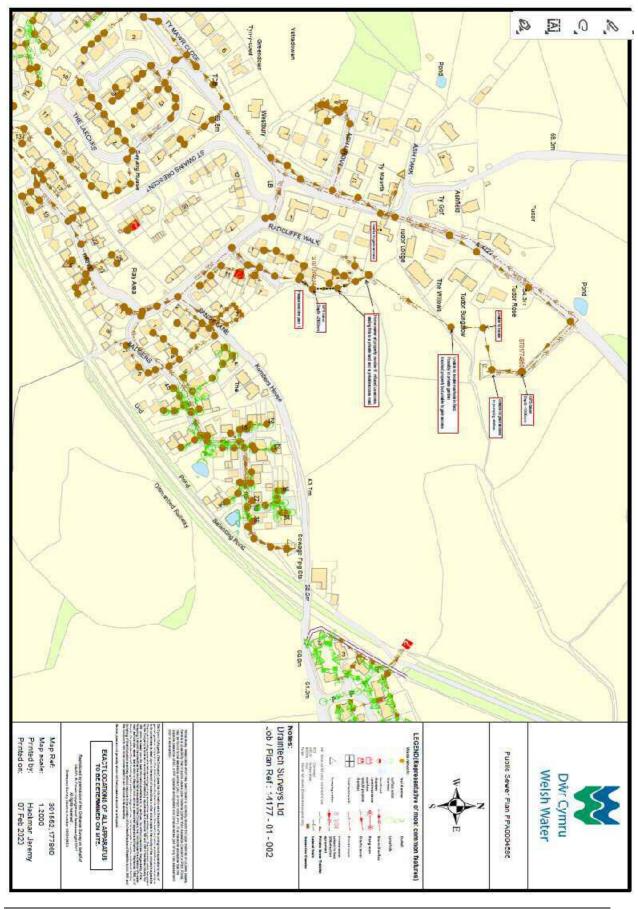
APPENDIX 2 – EXISTING DRAINAGE SURVEY





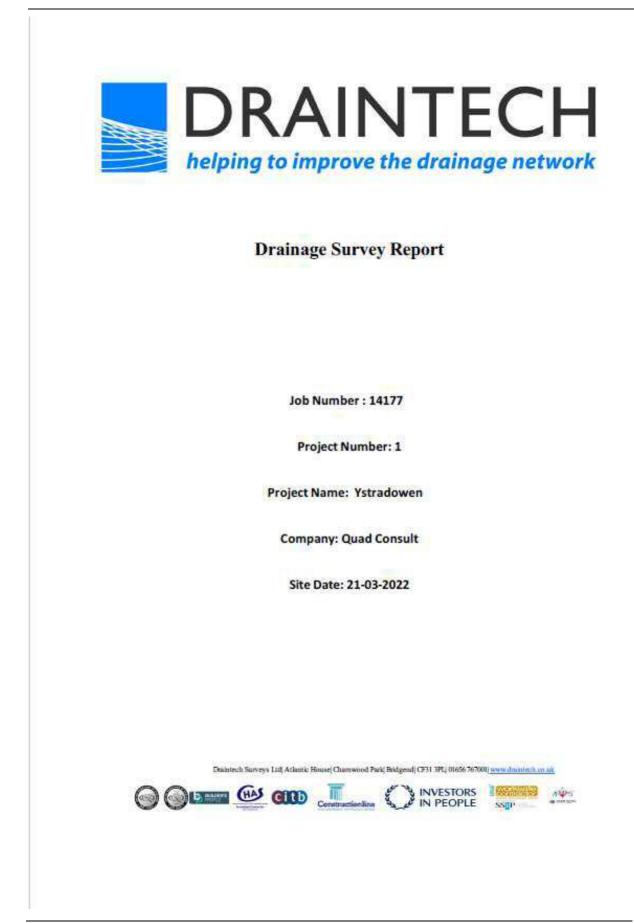


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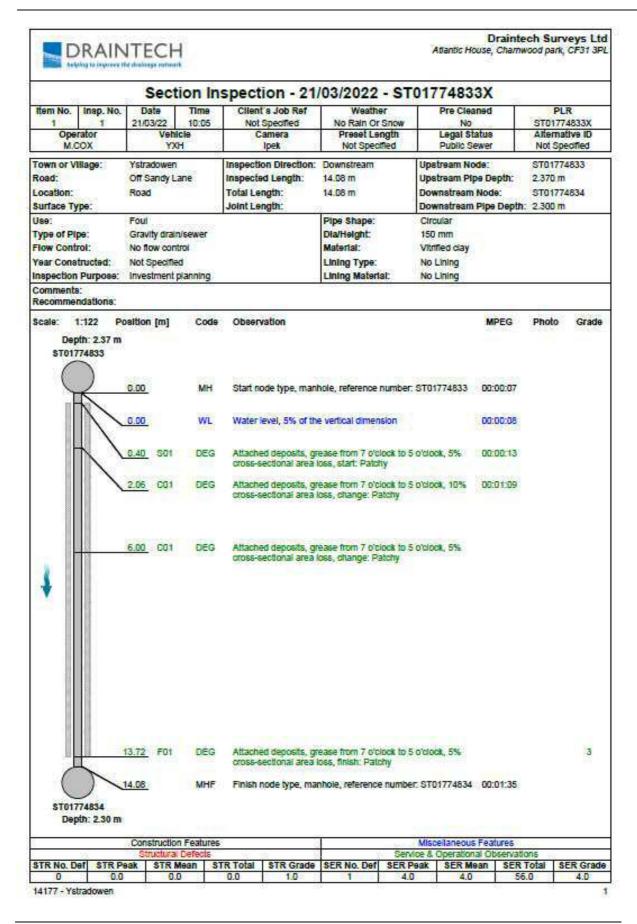
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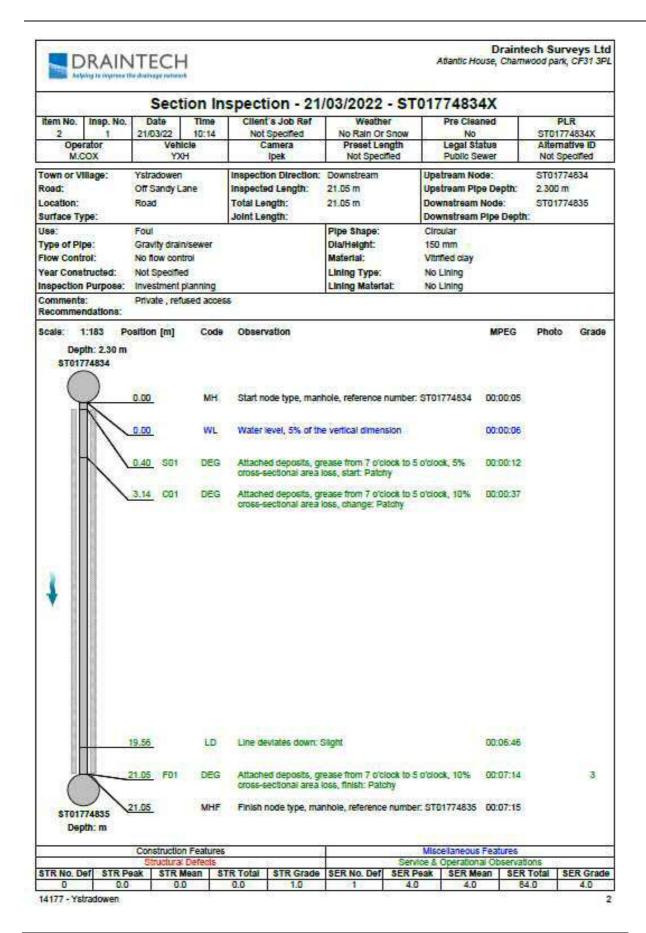


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| Site | | | |
| Company: Contact: | Draintech Surveys Ltd Martin Cox | | |
| Contractor | | | |
| Company: Department: Street: Town or City: | Draintech Surveys Ltd Process Co-Ordinator Atlantic House, Charnwood CF31 3PL | d park | DRAINTECH |
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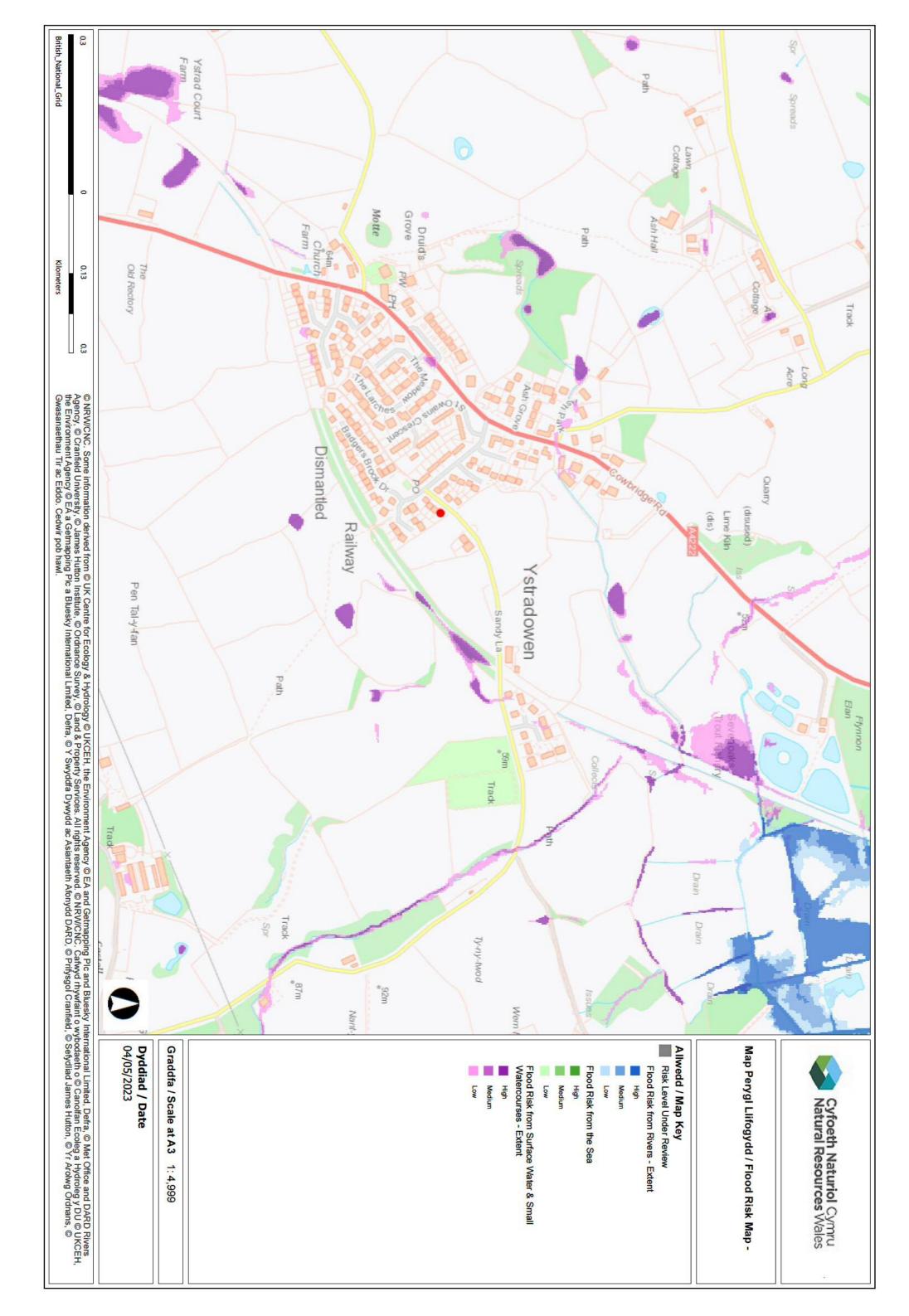
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APPENDIX 3 – FLOOD RISK MAP



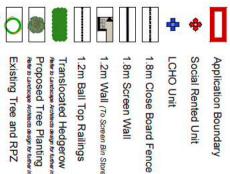


APPENDIX 4 – CONCEPT MASTERPLAN



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Refuse Collection Point Refuse Storage Area

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Bicycle Storage Shed

Indicative Rain Gardens Reference of the statute information Proposed Retaining Walls and Steps Net to engineer design to submeritoring Indicative Location of Photovoltaic Panels Refer to supplier technical specification for accurate information Indicative Location of Air Source Heat Pump Refer to supplier technical specification for accurate information

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www.hammond-ltd.co.uk

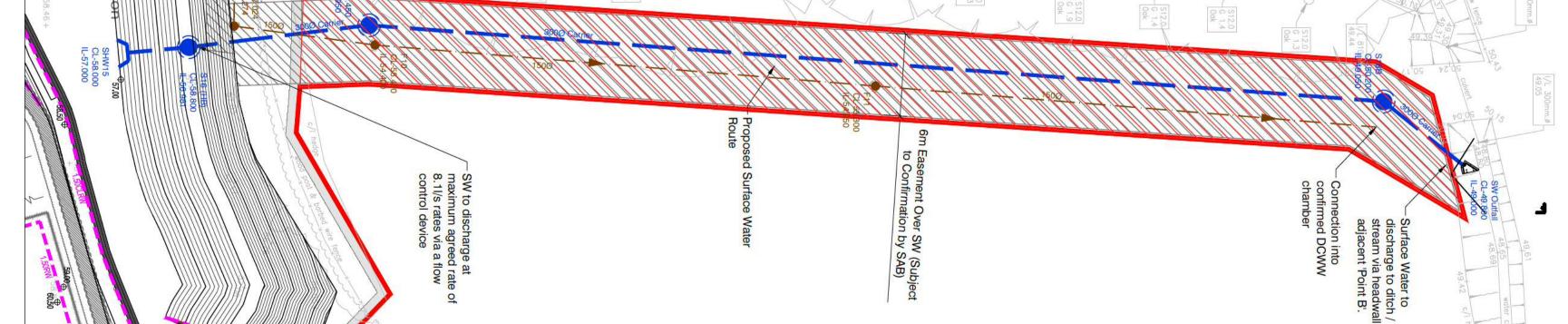
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APPENDIX 5 – PROPOSED DRAINAGE STRATEGY PLAN



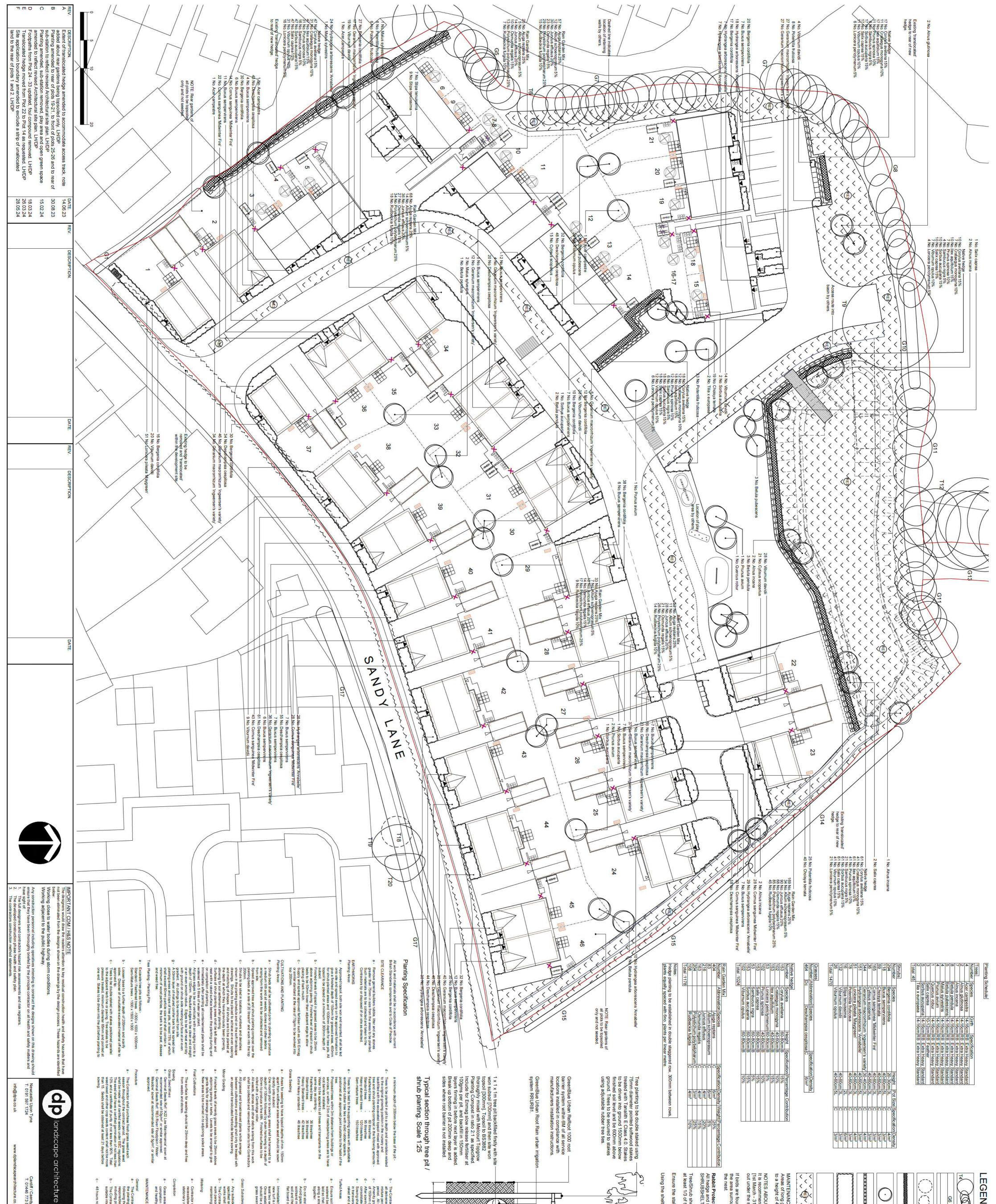
| | NOTES • Bio-rete drainage • SuD's f • CC • Permea maintai dwall t B'. | Impermeable Estimated Sto hydrobrake) Available Volu Confirmation adoption |
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| Image: The transmission of the proper pr | antion Trenches to be provided to all plot surface water genot indicated, to be considered with adjacent retaining wall leatures indicative only and subject to discussions with VOG This drawing is to be read in conjunction with and checked against all other drawings, engineering details, specifications and any structural, geotechnical or other specifications and levels are in metres, U.N.O. And dimensions and levels are in metres, U.N.O. This drawing is schematic for clarity only, positions of pipe runs and manholes may vary on site due to site conditions. All private drainage subject to S104 approval with relevant water authority. Foul Drainage subject to S104 approval with relevant wrarenty provider. All private drainage to be installed in accordance with part H of building regulations and the developers warranty provider. The contractor is at risk if construction is progressed without relevant sufficient authorities. | area Incl. UC = 0.75ha orage = 538-840m3 (Circa 645m3 required based on ume in Pond Basin with Retaining Wall = 645m3 required from the VOG for the wall arrangement and or walls adjacent gardens / patios for heights up to 0.45m Proposed Basin Retaining Wall - Slab on edge to be considered for walls adjacent gardens / patios for heights up to 0.45m Proposed Basin Retaining Wall (Refer to SK200) Proposed Ground Level Proposed Ground Level Proposed Finished Floor Level Proposed Permeable Paving (Unlined) Proposed Permeable Paving (Unlined) Proposed Rain Garden and Overflow Permavoid Distribution Crate Aquacell 250mm dia Slit Trap - Adoptable SAB Adoptable Filter / Carrier Drain Offsite Connection SAB and Weish Water easement (TBC) Planter Proposed Irench for SW conveyance Private Storm drainage |



File name: 19351_C-SK101 Rev 17 Preliminary Engineering Layout.dwg



APPENDIX 6 – PROPOSED LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS LAYOUT AND SCHEDULE



| | - | - | | - C. | | | | | - |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S |
| ត | 6 | 6 | ត | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 51 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Q | a | Q. | Q | Q | Q. | 0 | a | Q. | a |
| B | ß | B | B | B | B | B | B | B | B |
| 5 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| aro | ard | ard | ard | ard | ard | ard | ard | ard | ard |

| - | Height | Pot Size | Pot Size Specification Density | Den |
|---|---------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| | 20-30cm | 3L | C | 4/m ² |
| | 40-60cm | 5L | C | 3/m ² |
| - | 40-60cm | 5L | C | 3/m ² |
| - | 40-60cm | 3L | C | 3/m ² |
| - | 40-60cm | 3L | C | 3/m² |
| 2 | 30-40cm | 3L | C | 4/m ² |
| | 40-60cm | 5L | C | 3/m ² |
| _ | 40-60cm | 3L | 0 | 4/m ² |
| _ | 40-60cm | 3L | C | 3/m ² |
| _ | | 2L | C | 6/m ² |
| _ | 40-60cm | 3L | 0 | 3/m ² |
| _ | 40-60cm | 5L | 0 | 3/m ² |

| % | % | % | % | % | 6 | % | % | % | rcentage |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Percentage Contribution |

Immediately after laying, start watering. Ensure that the new turf is never short of water. Water repeatedly for at least two weeks and/or until the turf is well established. Once established, weekly watering during dry periods should be adequate. First cut to be undertaken once grass sward is long enough to cut.

Bark mulch to be reins each growing season.

tated to original depths at the end of Allow 1 no. visit per year.

Any subsidence of seeded or turfed areas below the specified levels shall be made good and re-seeded. These works shall be redified a the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall make good any damage caused by work personnel, plant or material whilst carrying out and maintaining the work on site

All planting shall be watered with a low pressure hose during dry spells, within the first year of growth only, at the following rates.
 Feathered/standard trees
 36 litres/tree/visit
 Heavy standard trees
 42 litres/tree/visit
 Semi-mature trees
 48 litres/plant/visit

Contractor shall be entirely responsible for all watering necessitated by dry weather and it shall be undertaken by stationary rotary sprays.

At the end of the establishment period, 30gms of slow release fertliser to be applied around each plant. Allow no, visit at end of Year 2

Grass areas shall be accepted as having reached practical completion only when germination has proved satisfactory and healthy weed free swards have been established.

Areas sown with amenity mix: 16no. visits between April and October. Grass areas to be cut to a height of c.40mm. NB: in drought conditions adjust cuting heights to c.60mm. In very vet conditions all operations involving grass cutting shall cease until conditions allow operations to continue without damaging the surfacing, levels and contours of the ground. Allow for sweeping clean of all paths and roads of grass cuttings at anoth moving.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of the planting and grassed areas for a 12 month period following the completion of the works and will be responsible for any defects due to faulty materials, including plant failures, or workmanship during this time.
 The Contractor shall carry out maintenance work at suitable intervals and in suitable weather conditions.

Firming In a - All plants and tree stakes loosened by planting operations wind or frost shall be firmed in. Allow 1 no. visit per year.

Collection
 Whole site to be kept in a clean and tidy condition throughout the establishment period. Litter to be throughout the establishment period. Litter to be removed from site. Allow 20 no. visits per year.

Cardiff / Caerdydd T: 01446 773 861

 DRAWING No.
 SCALE (A1)
 DATE
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 CHKD

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 Jun/23
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 DRAWN
 CHKD

PROJECT Sandy Lane, Ystradowen DRAWING TITLE Soft Landscape Proposals

LEGEND

GG

Existing surveyed trees / groups of trees to be retained and protected in accordance with BS 5837:2012 where required and in accordance with the arboricultural report.

Existing hedges to be retained and protected in accordance with BS 5837:2012 where required and in accordance with the arboricultural report.

Existing trees / vegetation / hedges to be removed as part of the de-or in accordance with the arboricultural report.

Existing hedge [from Sandy Lane] to be removed as part of the development and translocated by a specialist landscape contractor into pre-prepared planting strips and located to the rear of the new hedge planting as shown.

sed native tree planting. Refer to schedule for details.

Ċ

ed native hedge planting. Refer to schedule for deta

Proposed shrub planting. Refer to schedule for details.

Proposed grass seeding. Ref. 'A22 (Low Main Sown at the recommended rate of 50g/m2. nce) by Ge Seeds or sir

Proposed seeding to SUDS features and pond. Ref. 'RE3 River Floodplain / Water Meadow' by Germinal Seeds or similar. Sown at the recommended rate of 5g/m2 onto LOW FERTILITY SUBSOIL.

MAINTENANCE OF LONG GRASS / WILDFLOWER AREAS: Areas of long grass and wildflower seeding to swales / basins and el to a height of 4-7cm. All arrisings to be removed from site.

NOTES ABOUT BIRD BREEDING SEASON AND TREE REMOVAL: It is recommended that vegetation which needs to be removed is done prior to the bird breeding season. [1st March - 31st August] If this is not possible within this period, the vegetation removal should be carried out under the supervision of an Ecologist.

If birds are found to be breeding in the vegetation which needs to be removed then vegetation removal in the area surrounding the nest must be delayed until the eggs have hatched and the young birds have left

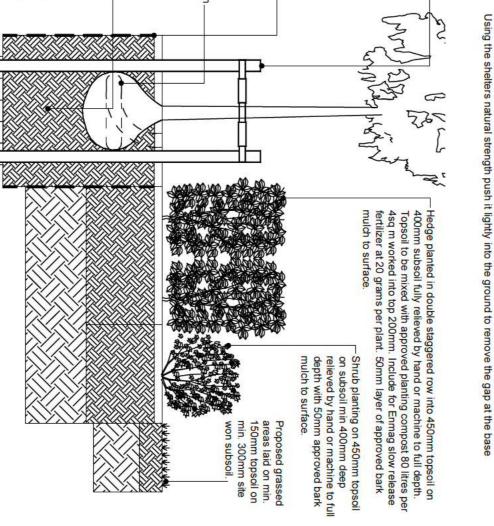
Rabbit Protection All hedge and structure planting to be fitted with TUBEX STANDARD TREE GUARDS or SHRUBSHELTERS according to plant type. Tubes to be 60cm high or similar approved. ored us ng good quality sq

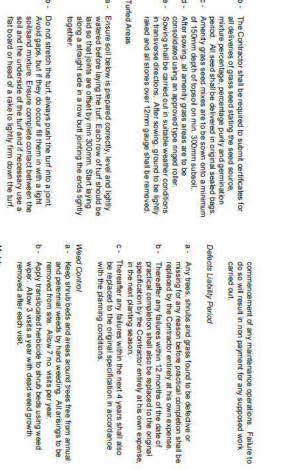
the

nd to

Ensure the stake is below the flared rim at the top of the Shrubsh Tree/Shrub shelters need to be well ancl at least 1/3 of the stake height. Iter.

Using the she ral str it lightly into the gr id to







APPENDIX 7 – EXISTING CATCHMENTS & DISCHARGE RATES



| \sim | | | | | nfield runoff ra | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| hrwallingf | ford | | | est | imation for sit | | |
| | | | | www.uksuds | .com Greenfield runof | | |
| alculated by: | Mark Llewellin Sandy Lane Ystradowen | | | Site Details | | | |
| ite name: | | | | Latitude: 51.4908 | | | |
| ite location: | | | | Longitude: 3.41 | | | |
| riteria in line with Env evelopments", SC030 | ironment 219 (2013) efra, 2015 | Agency guidance , the SuDS Manual). This information | 'Reinfall runoff man C753 (Ciria, 2015) ar on greenfield runof | nd the non-statutory f rates may be the basis Deter | 1396479956 Sep 06 2023 12:03 | | |
| lunoff estim | natior | approach | IH124 | | | | |
| ite characteristics | | | 1. | Notes | | | |
| otal site area (ha): 1.53 | | | | (1) Is Q _{BAR} < 2.0 I/s/ha? | | | |
| Methodolog | y | | | (1) 15 QBAR \$ 2.0 1/ 5/11d? | | | |
| | estimation method: Calculate from SPR and SAAR | | When QBAR is < 2.0 l/s/ha then limiting discharge rates are set at 2.0 l/s/ha. | | | | |
| PR estimation me | estimation method: Calculate from SOIL type | | | | | | |
| Soil characte | eristi | CS Default | Edited | (2) Are flow rates < 5.0 l/s | s? | | |
| OIL type: | L type: | | 3 | Where flow rates are less than | 501/s consent | | |
| OST class: | | N/A | N/A | for discharge is usually set at 5.0 l/s if blockage | | | |
| PR/SPRHOST: | | 0.3 | 0.37 | from vegetation and other mate | and a start of the second second | | |
| lydrological characteristics _{Default} Edited | | | Edited | blockage risk is addressed by u drainage elements. | | | |
| AAR (mm): | | 1180 | 1180 | | | | |
| lydrological regior | n: | 9 | 9 | (3) Is SPR/SPRHOST ≤ 0.3? | | | |
| rowth curve facto | or 1 year | 0.88 | 0.88 | Where groundwater levels are le | ow enough the | | |
| rowth curve facto ears: | or 30 | 1.78 | 1.78 | use of soakaways to avoid discl | narge offsite | | |
| rowth curve facto ears: | or 100 | 2.18 | 2.18 | would normally be preferred for surface water runoff. | uisposal of | | |
| rowth curve facto ears: | or 200 | 2.46 | 2.46 | | | | |



| Greenfield runoff ra | tes _{Default} | Edited | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------|--|
| | 1 | | |
| Q _{BAR} (I/s): | 5.14 | 8.1 | |
| 1 in 1 year (l/s): | 4.52 | 7.13 | |
| 1 in 30 years (l/s): | 9.14 | 14.41 | |
| 1 in 100 year (l/s): | 11.2 | 17.65 | |
| 1 in 200 years (l/s): | 12.64 | 19.92 | |



APPENDIX 8 – INFILTRATION TEST RESULTS (Extracted from Integral Geotechnique Report 12604/JJ/20/SI)



Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers

LAND AT SANDY LANE, YSTRADOWEN

12604/JJ/20/SI

7.4 SOIL INFILTRATION TESTS

Soil infiltration testing was carried out at 6No locations across the site in trial pits TP03, TP06, TP05-A, TP07, TP08 and TP12.

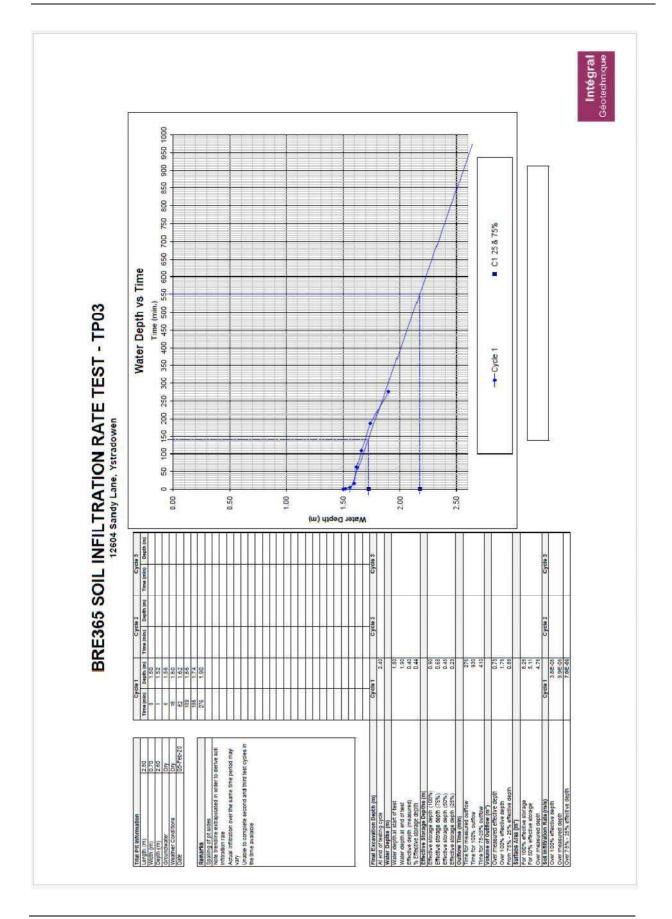
The trial pits were rapidly filled with water from a tractor-towed agricultural bowser and the water level monitored over a period of time. Where infiltration and time allowed, repeat cycle tests were carried out in general accordance with BRE365.

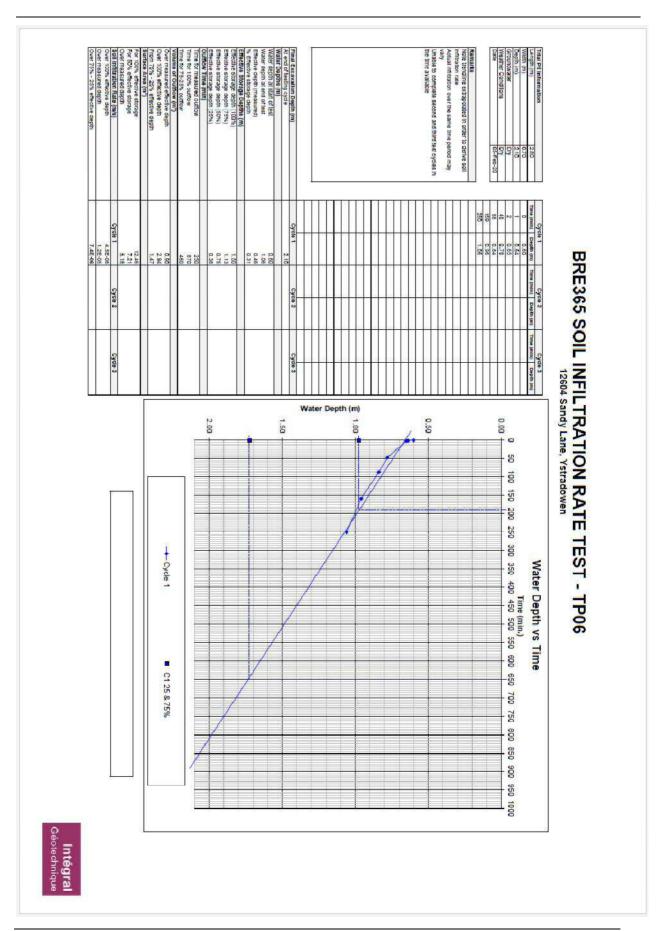
The results of the soakaway testing are summarised below and presented in Appendix E. A summary of the results is presented in Table 9.

| Test Location | Test Depth | Soil Infiltration Rate (m/s) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (m bgl) | Test Cycle 1 | Test Cycle 2 | Test Cy <mark>c</mark> le 3 n/a n/a | | | | | | |
| TP03 | 2.6 | 7.0x10 ⁻⁸ | n/a | | | | | | | |
| TP06 | 2.1 | 7.4x10 ⁻⁸ | n/a | | | | | | | |
| TP05-A | 1.5* | 1.2x10 ⁻⁵ | n/a | n/a | | | | | | |
| TP07 | 1.7 | 2.1x10 ⁻⁵ | 2.1x10 ⁻⁵ | n/a | | | | | | |
| TP08 | 1.4 | 8.2x10 ⁻⁶ | n/a | n/a | | | | | | |
| TP12 | 2.0 | 7.9x10 ⁻⁶ | n/a | n/a | | | | | | |

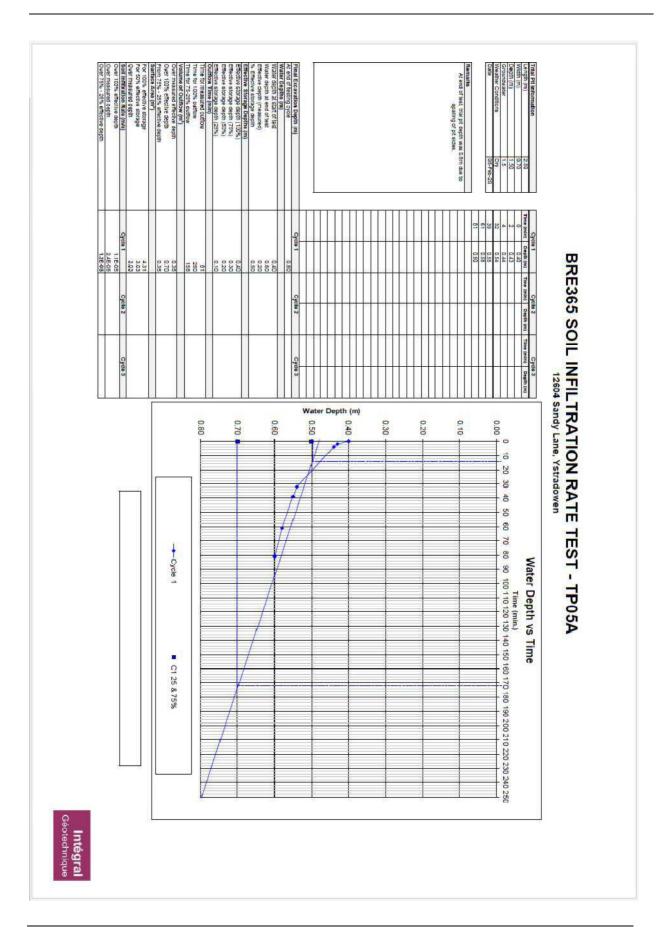
* It should be noted that the sides of the excavation in TP05-A collapsed during the soakaway test from 1.50m back up to 0.80m bgl. The soakaway test was continued and a soil infiltration rate of 1.2x10⁻⁵ m/s was calculated. This result should be used with caution.

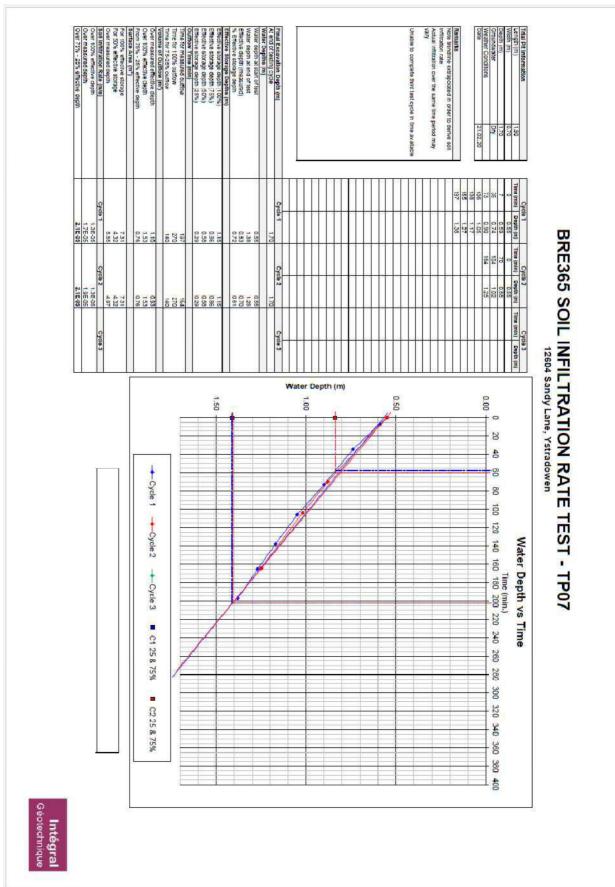






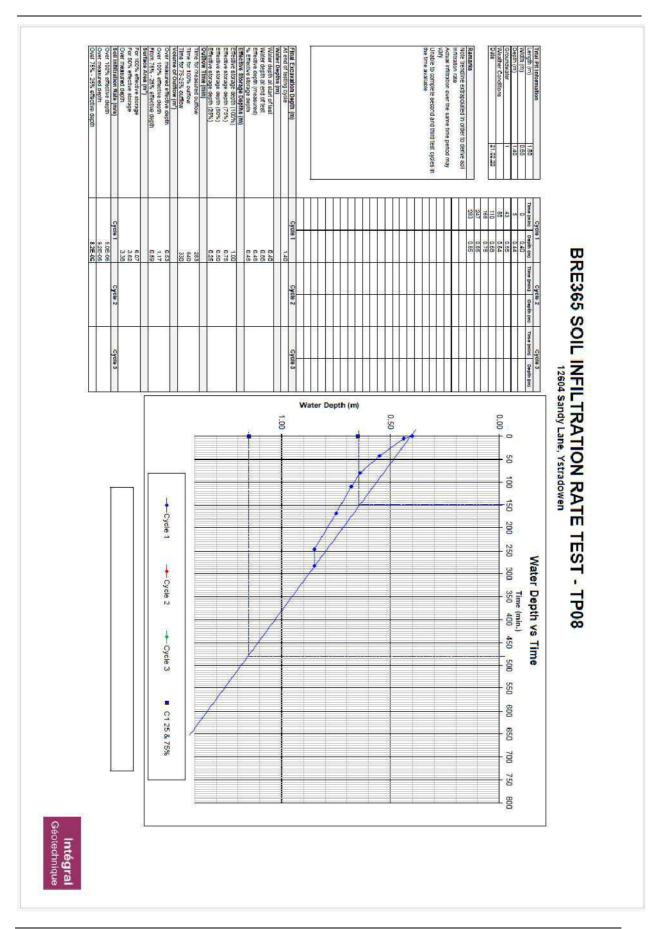




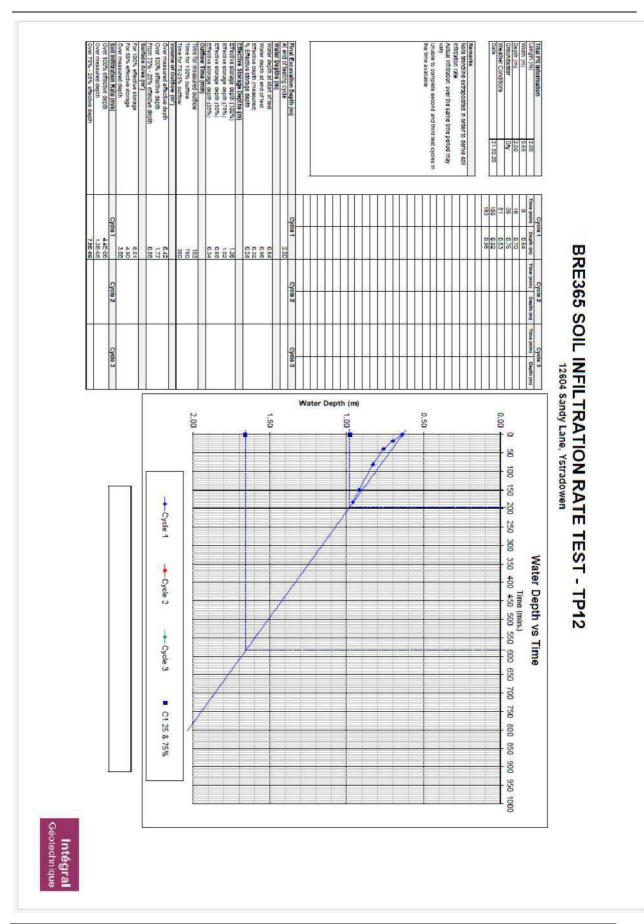


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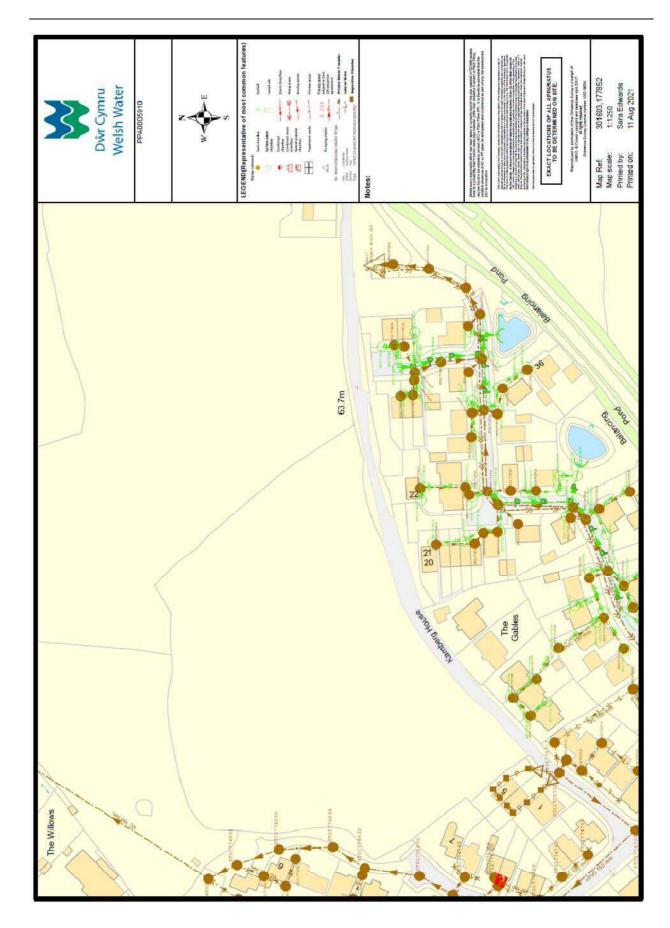




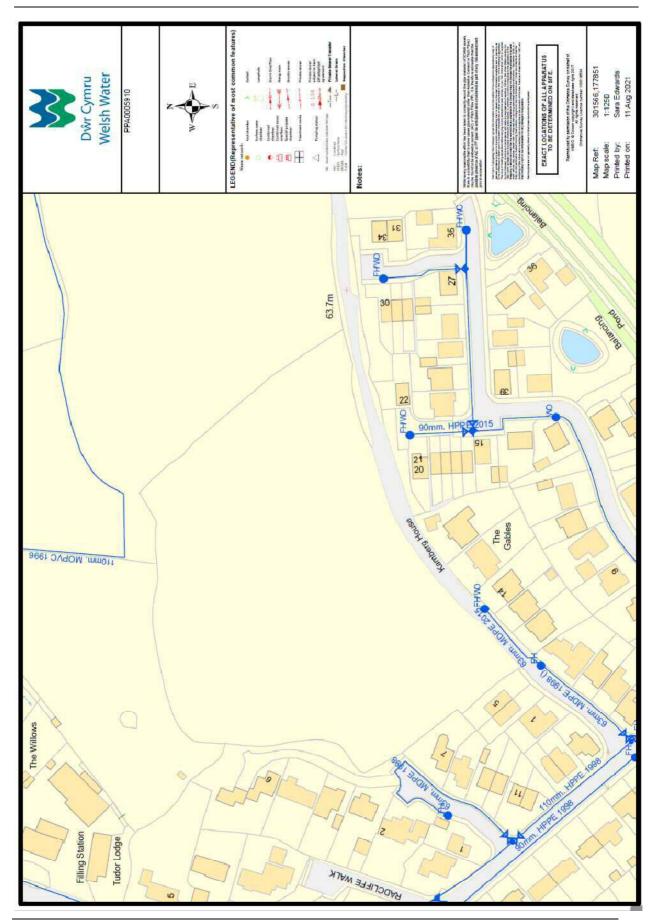


APPENDIX 9 – WELSH WATER ASSET MAPS











APPENDIX 10 – CONFIRMATION OF AGREED DISCHARGE RATES



Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers

Hi Mark,

Sorry for the delay getting back to you, from the encountered geology and evidence of poor infiltration we have no objection to the use of soil type 3 within the greenfield runoff calculation.

Kind regards

Gareth



Consider the environment. Please don't print this e-mail unless you really need to. Ystyriwch yr amgylchedd. Peidiwch ag argraffu'r neges hon oni bai fod gwir angen.

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Find us on Facebook / Cewch ddod o hyd i ni ar Facebook Follow us on Twitter / Dilynwch ni ar Twitter

Correspondence is welcomed in Welsh or English / Croesewir Gohebiaeth yn y Gymraeg neu yn Saesneg.

Sent: Wednesday, September 6, 2023 12:14 PM

Subject: Sandy lane, Ystradowen

Hi Gareth,

Thank you for your time this morning, please find greenfield rates attached, apologies I thought they were included in the original pack.

The initial soil type was noted as 2 but given how naturally wet the site is I think it's probably a 3 or possibly 4.

Summary Below

1.53ha Greenfield Catchment

 Soil Type 2
 Soil Type 3

 Qbar 5.15l/s
 Qbar 8.1l/s

Currently our design utilises the soil type 2 factor, is there any scope to move closer to the Type 3 factor? I believe this will maintain the current scenario and reduce the overall depth of the attenuation basin.

Regards

Mark Llewellin IEng MIET MCIHT



APPENDIX 11 – RAINWATER HARVESTING VIABILITY STATEMENT



Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers

Rainwater Harvesting Viability Assessment

The developer has confirmed there is no requirement for rainwater harvesting for the proposed development from the point of construction or throughout the design life of the development.

The proposed site is currently within easy connectivity to the Welsh Water potable water network. Vale of Glamorgan is not currently or likely to be in the future classed as in danger of suffering regular drought water rationing. Welsh Water draft Drought Plan 2020 also states the unlikelihood of any water rationing being realised within the next 30 years. Welsh Water highlight 2018 as being a very hot year with increased demand on their network but like other parts of the UK did not have to introduce any restriction in the form of hosepipe bans or limited access to the potable water supply.

References:

https://www.dwrcymru.com/en/our-services/water/water-resources/draft-drought-plan-2020



APPENDIX 12 – PROPOSED POLLUTION REMOVAL CALCULATIONS



POLLUTION REMOVAL & WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE

CIRIA 753 The SuDS Manual Chapter 26, provides design advice to meet water quality standards by adopting the SuDS train treatment mechanism and thereby reduce the risk of pollution by evaluating potential pollution hazards at the outset.

As the proposed drainage strategy proposes to discharge runoff to ground, Chapter 26.3 'Protecting Groundwater' is particularly relevant.

Runoff from residential roofing and pedestrian areas is viewed as low risk (Table 4.3) and the proposed site layout provides the opportunity to introduce SuDS into the scheme to reduce potential contaminant risk still further. For example, the use of porous paving reduces flow velocities and increase retention times promoting a level of absorption into the upper soils (intergranular flow) prior to discharge to ground (fracture flow).

We propose to apply a simple qualitative method to assess the risk (Simple Index Approach) and proposed mitigation measures as defined in Table 26.1 CIRIA SuDS Manual.

Total SuDS Mitigation Index = Mitigation Index₁ + 0.5 Mitigation Index₂

Assuming a roof/hard surface split of 40/60 and using a weighted mean:

| Residential Roof 0.4 (40%) | Total Suspended Solids (0.2) | Metals (0.2) | Hydrocarbons (0.05) | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Weighted value | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.02 | | | |
| Driveways, Access roads 0.6 (60%) | Total Suspended Solids (0.5) | Metals (0.4) | Hydrocarbons (0.4) | | | |
| Weighted value | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.24 | | | |
| Total hazard Index | 0.38 | 0.32 | 0.26 | | | |

Hard surface only of and using a weighted mean:

| Residential Roof (0%) | Total Suspended Solids (0.2) | Metals (0.2) | Hydrocarbons (0.05) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Weighted value | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Driveways, Access roads (100%) | Total Suspended Solids (0.5) | Metals (0.4) | Hydrocarbons (0.4) |
| Weighted value | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Total hazard Index | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |

Comparing against the mitigation indices shown below

SuDS Individual Component Mitigation Indices

| | Suspended Solids | Metals | Hydrocarbons | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Rain Garden | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | | |
| Pervious Pavement | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | | |
| Swale | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | | |
| Basin | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | | |
| Wetland | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | | |
| Comparison with Hazard Index | ALL>0.38-0.5 | ALL>0.32-0.4 | ALL>0.26-0.4 | | |

7.3 However, within the outline drainage scheme a multi staged treatment is proposed for the majority of the site where practical, creating a Suds Management Train improving treatment locally and further reducing risk with the best and worst case outlined within Table 4.

Table 4 – Total SuDS Mitigation Index

Total SuDS Mitigation Index = Mitigation Index₁ + 0.5 Mitigation Index₂

| | Suspended Solids | Metals | Hydrocarbons |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SCENARIO 1 (Roof Runoff) Rain Garden-Swale-Basin- Wetland/Ditch | 1.4 | 1.65 | 1.55 |
| SCENARIO 2 (Private parking) Permeable Paving-Swale-Basin- Wetland/Ditch | 1.6 | 1.55 | 1.65 |
| CASE SCENARIO 3 (Development Road) Swale-basin-Wetland/Ditch | 1.15 | 1.35 | 1.25 |
| Comparison with Hazard Index | ALL>0.38-0.5 | ALL>0.32-0.4 | ALL>0.26-0.4 |



APPENDIX 13 – SURFACE WATER MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

19351-R-602 – Surface Water Maintenance Schedule – Rev 0

April 2024

Maintenance Plan for the surface water system.

To ensure the surface water systems to function as intended it is important appropriate maintenance arrangements are in place.

The surface water from the proposed development will be maintained in accordance with CIRIA C753 Chapter 32.

Storm Water Maintenance Management Schedule (CIRIA C753 – The SuDS Manual)

| Operation and maintenance activity | SuDS component | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | Pond | Wetland | Detention basin | Infiltration basin | Soakaway | Infiltration trench | Filter drain | Modular storage | Pervious pavement | Swale/bioretention/ trees | Filter strip | Green roofs | Proprietary treatment systems |
| Regular maintenance | 944 1944 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspection | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Litter and debris removal | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grass cutting | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weed and invasive plant control | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shrub management (including pruning) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shoreline vegetation management | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aquatic vegetation management | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Occasional maintenance | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Sediment management ¹ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vegetation replacement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vacuum sweeping and brushing | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remedial maintenance | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Structure rehabilitation /repair | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Infiltration surface reconditioning | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Key

will be required

may be required

Notes

1 Sediment should be collected and managed in pre-treatment systems, upstream of the main device.

Proposed Site SuDS Features

- 1. Rain Garden / Bio retention / SWALE
- 2. Piped Network Elements
- 3. Pervious Pavement
- 4. Attenuation Basin

The maintenance management will be highlighted in 3 categories: -

Regular Maintenance

Regular maintenance comprises tasks that are likely to be required regularly to maintain and observe the drainage system typically on a monthly programme.

- Inspection (Elements 1, 2, 3, 4)
- Litter and Debris Removal (Elements 1, 2, 3, 4)
- Grass Cutting (Elements 1, 4)
- Shrub Management (Elements 1, 4)

Occasional Maintenance

Occasional maintenance comprises tasks that are likely to be required periodically, but on a much less frequent and predictable basis than the regular tasks, typically annually.

- Sediment management (Elements 1, 2, 3, 4)
- Catchpit / Silt trap cleaning (Elements 2, 3)
- Pipe jetting if required (Elements 2)
- Vegetation Replacement (Elements 1,4)

Remedial Maintenance

Remedial maintenance describes the intermittent tasks that may be required to rectify faults associated with the system, although the likelihood of faults can be minimised by good design, construction and regular maintenance activities. Where remedial work is found to be necessary, it is likely to be due to site-specific characteristics or unforeseen events, and so timings are difficult to predict.

• Structure Rehabilitation / Repair - (Elements - 1, 2, 3, 4)

Site Specific Maintenance Plan (Refer to layout 19351-???)

1. Rain garden / Bio retention / SWALE

Site specific method statement

Maintenance to be carried in accordance with Ciria Suds Manual (Chapter 18 & Table 18.3) and to include but not limited to the following actions: -

- Quarterly visual inspections to be undertaken along with litter and debris removed. planting inspection to be undertaken at the same time but will be less frequent during winter months.
- Remedial maintenance will be undertaken intermittently following the outcome of quarterly inspections if required. This may consist of the following items –
 - Weed control
 - Replacement of damaged planting
 - Structure Rehabilitation / Repair
 - Surface Reconditioning
- 2. Piped Network
 - Gully / catchpit / channel drain cleaning and pipe jetting to be undertaken typically every year. If a blockage is present and flooding occurs, cleaning and clearing the blockage should be undertaken immediately. If item is defective, this should also be repaired or replaced.
- 3. Pervious Pavement
 - Maintenance of pervious pavement to be as recommended by manufacture and detailed in document in the following document (Tobermore permeable Paving Maintenance Guidelines V1.0)

4. Attenuation Basin

Maintenance to be carried in accordance with Ciria Suds Manual (Chapter 22 & Table 22.1) and to include but not limited to the following actions:-

- Quarterly visual inspections to be undertaken along with litter and debris removed. planting inspecion to be undertaken at the same time but will be less frequent during winter months.
- (Ciria Suds Manual (Table 22.1) suggests sediment removal exercise at 5 year intervals).
- Remedial maintenance will be undertaken intermittently following the outcome of quarterly inspections if required. This may consist of the following items –
 - Weed control
 - Replacement of damaged planting
 - Structure Rehabilitation / Repair
 - Surface Reconditioning

Construction Management Plan

The contractor will provide to approval a detailed construction plan to be implemented during construction phase. Contamination / silt runoff into the watercourse is a particular concern. The use of Hay bales / coir matting to be used on slopes and adjacent to the watercourse for the duration of the construction programme.